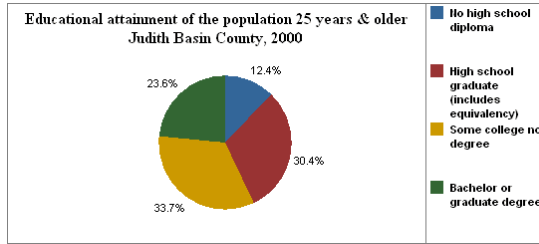


## SOCIAL TRENDS

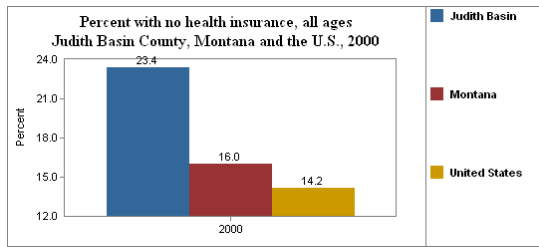
### Educational Attainment

- 12.4 percent of the population 25 years and older in 2000 had no high school diploma, compared to 12.8 percent in Montana.
- 23.6 percent had a bachelor's degree or higher, compared to 24.4 percent in Montana.



### Total Crimes Reported

- Rate in 2006 was 0 per 10,000 population, compared to 294 in Montana.
- Rate stayed the same from 2000 to 2006.



### Health Insurance Coverage

According to the Census Bureau, a person is considered uninsured if they are not covered by any type of health insurance for the entire year.

- 23 percent of the population, or 539 people, had no health insurance coverage compared to 16 percent in all of Montana in 2000.
- The percent uninsured ranked 10th - from highest to lowest - out of Montana's 56 counties.
- 25 percent of children under the age of 18, or 143 children, had no health insurance coverage compared to 15 percent of all children in Montana.
- The percent of children without health coverage ranked 8th - from highest to lowest - out of Montana's 56 counties.

### Sources:

- **NWAF Indicators Web Site:** [indicators.nwaf.org](http://indicators.nwaf.org).
- **Additional information available at:** [dataplace.com](http://dataplace.com); [factfinder.census.gov](http://factfinder.census.gov); [ourfactyourfuture.org](http://ourfactyourfuture.org); [ceic.mt.gov](http://ceic.mt.gov).



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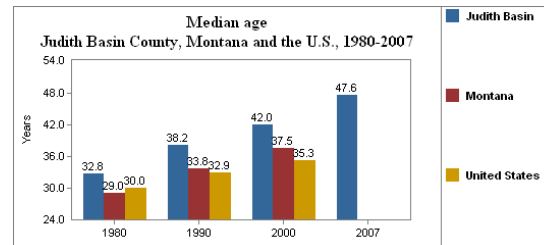
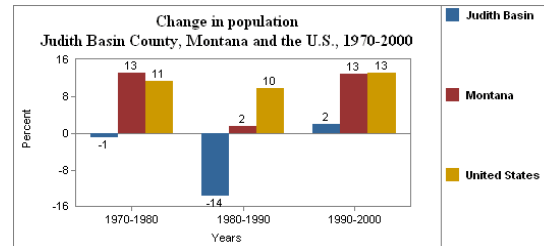
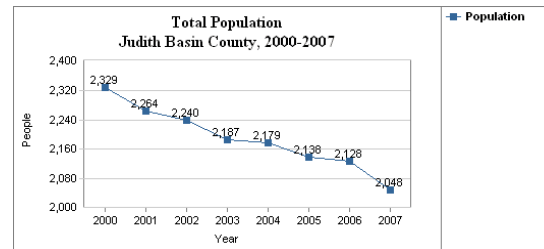
[www.msuetension.org](http://www.msuetension.org)

# Judith Basin County

## At a Glance

This county profile provides basic demographic, economic, and social data. It is meant to present baseline information on trends and rankings on a county, state and national level. All of the information provided here was obtained from the Northwest Area Foundation and compiled and edited by MSU Extension.

|   |          |
|---|----------|
| Total population change (2006 - 2007)         | -4%      |
| Total population (2007)                       | 2,048    |
| Poverty rate (2005)                           | 17%      |
| Number of jobs (2006)                         | 1,132    |
| Annual average wage per job (2006)            | \$22,148 |
| Unemployment rate (June 2008)                 | 4.0%     |
| Physician count (per 1,000 population) (2006) | 0.00     |



## POPULATION TRENDS

- Lost 281 residents between 2000 and 2007 and lost 619 residents since 1970.
- Decreased by 12.1 percent between 2000 and 2007, compared to an increase of 6.2 percent in Montana.
- Population change ranked 47th, out of Montana's 56 counties in 2007.

### Migration and Natural Change

Net migration, or the difference between how many people moved in and how many moved out, is one part of population change. The other part is natural change, or the difference between births and deaths. From 2000 to 2007:

- Lost 258 residents through net out-migration.
- Had a net migration rate of -11.1 percent compared to 3.6 percent for Montana.
- Decreased by 15 residents due to natural change.
- Had a natural change rate of -0.6 percent compared to 2.6 percent for Montana.

### Median Age

- 47.6 (compared to 39.2 in Montana) in 2007, 42.0 in 2000, 38.2 in 1990 and 32.8 in 1980.
- Ranked 8th - from highest to lowest - out of Montana's 56 counties in 2007.

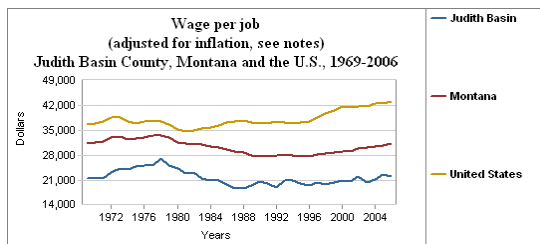
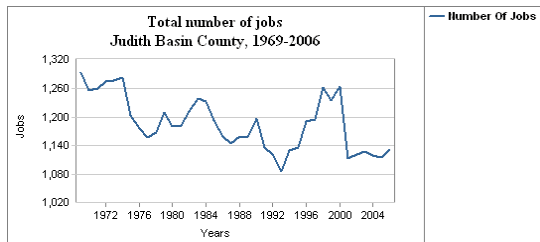
[www.msuetension.org](http://www.msuetension.org)

## ECONOMIC TRENDS

### Number of Jobs

The number of jobs includes private and public, full-time and part-time, and self-employment as well as wage and salary employment.

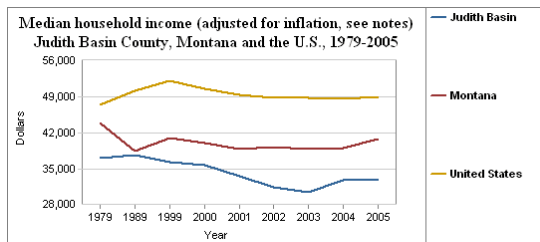
- 1,132 in 2006, compared to 1,294 in 1969.
- Decreased by 13 percent between 1969 and 2006, compared to an increase of 114 percent in Montana.
- Decreased by 6 percent in the 1970s, increased by 1 percent in the 1980s, and increased by 6 percent in the 1990s.
- Ranked 49th - from most to least - among the 56 counties in 2006.



### Real Wage per Job\*

Wage per job refers to the average annual wage or salary per job, in other words, all wage and salary payments divided by the number of jobs.

- \$22,148 in 2006, compared to \$20,841 a decade earlier.
- Increased 14 percent between 1970 and 1980, decreased 16 percent between 1980 and 1990, and increased 1 percent between 1990 and 2000.
- Ranked 51st in 2006 - from highest to lowest - out of the 56 counties.



### Median Household Income\*

Median household income is the level of income at which half the population has lower incomes and half has higher incomes.

- \$33,004 in 2005, \$36,392 in 1999, and \$37,756 in 1989.
- Ranked 38th - from highest to lowest - out of the 56 counties in 2005.

### Per Capita Income\*

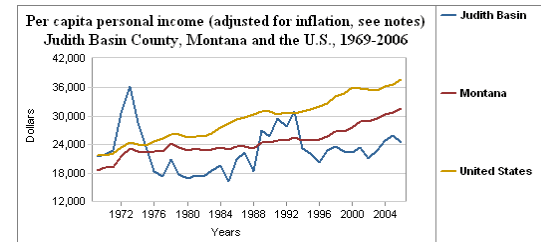
Per capita income is the "mean" or average income received by individuals, that is, total income divided by total number of people.

- \$24,415 in 2006, compared to \$31,667 in Montana.
- Increased 17.7 percent between 1995 and 2005 compared to 23.4 percent in Montana.
- Increased 6.0 percent since 1969 when it was \$21,486.
- Decreased 22.3 percent in the 1970s, increased 52.1 percent in the 1980s, and decreased 13.3 percent in the 1990s.
- Ranked 43rd - from highest to lowest - out of the 56 counties in 2006.

### Unemployment Rate

The average annual unemployment rate in 2007:

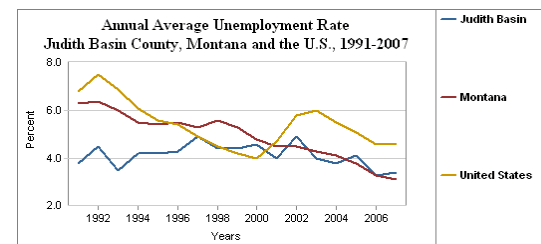
- 3.4 percent, compared to 3.1 for Montana.
- Ranked 22nd - from highest to lowest - out of the 56 counties.



### Poverty Rate

The poverty rate is the percentage of people living below the poverty level or "threshold." Each year, the U.S. Office of Management and Budget establishes a series of poverty thresholds for different family sizes and ages of household heads.

- 17.1 percent in 2005, 21.1 percent in 1999, and 15.2 percent in 1989.
- 17.1 percent compared to 14.6 percent in Montana in 2005.
- Ranked 17th - from highest to lowest - out of the 56 counties in 2005.



### Poverty Rate by Age

#### The poverty rate for people under 18:

- 25.1 percent in 2005, 30.6 percent in 1999, and 16.2 percent in 1989.
- 25.1 percent compared to 20.2 percent in Montana in 2005.
- Ranked 17th - from highest to lowest, out of the 56 counties in 2005.

#### The poverty rate for the youngest children, those under age 5:

- 37.5 percent in 1999, compared to 12.1 percent in 1989.
- 37.5 percent in 1999, compared to 22.6 percent in Montana.
- Ranked 6th - from highest to lowest - out of the 56 counties in 1999.

#### The poverty rate for people 65 and over:

- 13.3 percent in 1999 and 10.1 percent in 1989.
- 131.3 percent compared to 9.1 percent in Montana in 1999.
- Ranked 16th - from highest to lowest - out of the 56 counties in 1999.

